

FIRST INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE «INTEGRATION NETWORK OF THE PHARMACEUTICAL ECOLOGY IN THE MODERN ENVIRONMENT - 2023»

STUDY OF FLAVONOIDS OF THE HERBAL DRUG "TILIAE FLORES"

Rodin Mikhail, PhD student, Bokov Dmitry, PhD in pharmaceutical sciences, associate professor Rodin Mikhail Nikolaevich

Sechenov First Moscow State Medical University (Sechenov University), Moscow, Russia

Introduction: Linden flowers are pharmacopoeial medicinal plant raw materials. It is widely used in clinical practice for the treatment and prevention of many common diseases. In the form of various medicinal forms it is used as a diaphoretic and expectorant.

The pharmacological properties of linden flower preparations are due to the various groups of biologically active compounds (BAC): essential oil, polysaccharides and flavonoids.





Relevance: Flavonoids are very important group of biologically active compounds because of their properties. They have the ability to increase the strength of capillary walls (P-vitamin activity) due to the antioxidant effect, which is important in the treatment of chronic venous insufficiency, hypertension and other cardiovascular diseases associated with increased permeability of blood capillaries.

Despite the high degree of scientific knowledge of linden flowers, the improvement of approaches to standardization remains an urgent issue. Aim of the Study: In this study, we aimed to analyze the composition of flavonoids in linden flowers samples. Research objectives.

1. Collect information and conduct an analytical study of the chemical composition of linden flowers.

2. Determine flavonoids in linden flowers using modern methods in industrial samples.

3. Determine marker compounds used to identify medicinal products.

4. Draw a conclusion about the need to supplement or develop sections of regulatory documentation (RD).

The object of the study: samples of crushed linden flowers, packaged in cardboard packs and produced by firm "Krasnogorskleksredstva".

The samples were purchased from pharmacy chains in Moscow and the Moscow Region in 2022.



Materials and Methods: ultrahigh-performance liquid chromatography with photodiode array and tandem quadrupole mass-selective detection in the gradient elution mode was used to analyze flavonoids in industrial samples of linden flowers.

Extraction was performed with 70% aqueous methanol in a water bath.

Parameter Liquid chromatograph	Characteristic Waters Acquility	Column	Acuility UPLC BEH with a particle size of 1.7 µm (silica	Mobile phase A	Formic acid with a mixture of water - acetonitrile (95 : 5)
Solvent feed rate	0,25 ml/min	Column	gel C18) 150 mm	Mobile phase B	Formic acid with acetonitrile
Detector	Diode array UV detector and tandem quadrupole MS detector TQD (Waters)	length Column diameter Column temperature	2,1 mm 35°C	Sample preparation	Extraction with seventy percent methylic alcohol in an ultrasonic bath
Wavelength range	λ=220-500 nm	Injection size	2 µl и 5 µl		

Time, min	Mobile phase A, %	Mobile phase B, %	Results: The presence of flavonoids characteristic for linden flowers was	Conclusion identified and
0	95	5	confirmed. 13 flavonoids were identified: quercetin-3-rutinosid-7-rhamnoside,	data. When sta medicinal herb
30	50	50	quercetin-3-glucoside-7-rhamnoside, tiliroside, rutin, guercetin-3-glucoside,	it is recomm
32	0	100	kaempferitrin, kaempferol 3-rutinosid,	These compo
33	95	5	3-rhamnoside, kaempferol 7-rhamnoside,	biologically a
36	95	5	quercetin 3-glucuronide, prunetin-4'- rutinosid	confirm auther

Conclusion: A flavonoid profile was identified and it is consistent with literature data. When standardizing linden flowers and medicinal herbal preparations based on them, it is recommended to use quercetin and kaempferol derivatives as marker compounds. These compounds are specific and the inclusion of a definition of this group of biologically active compounds in the RD to confirm authenticity seems very relevant when standardizing linden flowers.